IN THE SPECIFICATION:

The specification as amended below with replacement paragraphs shows added text with underlining and deleted text with strikethrough.

Please REPLACE paragraph [0005] on pages 1-2 with the following amended paragraph:

[0005] In FIG. 1, holes are injected from the anode 7, which is a transparent electrode, so that the injected holes are transferred to an emitting layer 4 which is one of organic film layers 10 through a hole injection layer 6 and a hole transport layer 5, and electrons are injected from a cathode 1 so that the injected electrons are transferred to the emitting layer 4 through an electron injection layer 2 and an electron transport layer 3. The transferred electrons and holes are bonded in the emitting layer 4 to emit light.

Please REPLACE paragraph [0024] on pages 4-5 with the following amended paragraph:

[0024] Referring to FIG. 2, an embodiment of the present invention comprises a first electrode 7 and a second electrode 1 formed on a substrate (not shown), and one or more organic film layers 10 positioned between the first electrode 7 and the second electrode 1. One or more emitting layers 4 are provided in the organic film layers 10, and a first organic film layer 8 is provided between the emitting layers 4 and the second electrode 1.

Please REPLACE paragraphs [0042] and [0043] on pages 7-8 with the following amended paragraphs:

[0042] In general, the performances of electroluminescent devices show maximum values at a in an electron injection layer thickness range between 1 nm and 4 nm. However, this thin an

electron injection layer is too thin to form a continuous film. Instead, the electron injection layer in that thickness range forms an island structure.

[0043] To overcome this lack of uniformity, and to improve the electron injection from the second electrode 1 to the electron transport layer 3, a supplementary layer (the second organic film layer 9) comprising a mixture of <u>an</u> organic metal complex compound and an electron transport layer material was introduced as a second layer of a bi-layer electron injection structure. The bi-layer electron injection structure enhances the electron injection, which results in the improvement of the efficiency and lifetime of the device. A mixture of <u>an</u> organic metal complex compound and <u>an</u> electron transport layer material can also be used as an electron transport layer 3, as well as an electron injection layer 2.

Please REPLACE paragraph [0060] on page 13 with the following amended paragraph:

[0060] An organic electroluminescent display device, according to an embodiment of the present invention, improved efficiency and luminance by 20% or more, and improved the life span 80% or more, compared with an organic electroluminescent display device having the conventional structure, by using a bi-layer electron injection layer or structure comprised of an organic metal complex compound layer and a mixture layer of electron transport layer material and an organic metal complex compound.